

# Mark Scheme (Results)

## October 2020

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced
Subsidiary
In Accounting (WAC11)
Paper 1:s The Accounting System and Costing

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#### **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1 (a)	AO1 (4), AO2 (6), AO3 (3) AO1: Four marks for recording balances. AO2: Six marks for adjusting and recording balances. AO3: Three marks for calculating cost of raw materials, prime cost and electricity and water.	
		(13)

# Manufacturing Account for the year ended 30 April 2020

	£	£
Opening inventory of raw materials	41 500	
Purchases of raw materials	<u>160 000</u>	
	201 500	
Closing inventory of raw materials	(33 000)	
Cost of raw materials	168 500 <b>(1) AO3</b>	
Production wages	93 000 <b>(1) AO1</b>	
Direct expenses	<u>26 500 <b>(1) AO1</b></u>	
Prime cost		288 000 <b>o/f (1) AO3</b> +w no aliens
		THE SHIELD
Production overheads:		
Management salaries	60 000 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
Indirect expenses	11 900 <b>(1) AO1</b>	
Rent and rates	22 500 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
Insurance	3 600 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
Electricity and water	8 000 <b>(1) AO3</b>	
Depreciation – production equipment	26 000 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
		132 000
Cost of production		420 000 <b>o/f (1) AO1</b> +w
		no aliens
Manufacturing profit 20%		84 000 <b>o/f (1) AO2</b> +w
Transfer value		504 000 <b>o/f (1) AO2</b> +w

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1 (b)(i)	AO2 (2)	
	AO2: Two marks for calculation.	
	£420 000 <b>(1) AO2</b> = £1.75 per one jar <b>(1) AO2</b> 240 000 jars	
		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1 (b)(ii)	AO1 (1), AO2 (1) AO1: One mark for correct cost of production. AO2: One mark for calculation. £54 000 (1) AO1 $\times$ 20 = £9 000 (1) AO2	
		(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1 (c)(i)	AO1 (4), AO2 (10), AO3 (1)	
	AO1: Four marks for recording balances.	
	AO2: Ten marks for adjusting balances.	
	AO3: One mark for calculating reduction in	
	provision for unrealised profit.	(15)

# Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 April 2020

	£	£
Income		
Revenue		720 000
Less		
Opening inventory of finished goods	60 000	
Goods transferred from production	504 000 o/f (1) AO1	
	564 000	
Closing inventory of finished goods	<u>(54 000)</u>	
Cost of sales:		( <u>510 000</u> ) <b>o/f (1)</b> <b>AO2</b> +w
Gross profit		210 000
Other incomes		
Commission received	5 600 <b>(1) AO1</b>	
Profit on production	84 000 <b>o/f (1) AO2</b>	
Reduction in provision for unrealised	1 000 o/f (1) AO3	
profit		00.600
		90 600
Loggovnongog		300 600
Less expenses	27.650.(4) 4.04	
Administrative wages	37 650 <b>(1) AO1</b>	
Management salaries  Marketing expenses	150 000 <b>(1) AO2</b> 47 200 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
Rent and rates	2 500 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
Insurance	2 400 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
Electricity and water	2 000 (1) AO2	
Depreciation – Computer equipment	13 000 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
Office fixtures	1 400 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
Irrecoverable debts	6 150 <b>(1) AO1</b>	
Increase in provision for irrecoverable	700 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
debts	700(1)/102	
		(263 000)
Profit for the year		<u>37 600</u>

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1 (c)(ii)	AO1 (4), AO2 (6), AO3 (1) AO1: Four marks for recording balances. AO2: Six marks for adjusting balances. AO3: One mark for calculating the finished goods balance.	
		(11)

Statement of Financial Position at 30 April 2020

Assets			
	Cost	Accumulated	Carrying value
		depreciation	
Non-current assets	£	£	£
Production equipment	130 000	(104 000)	26 000 o/f <b>(1) AO2</b>
Office computers	70 000	(31 000)	39 000 o/f <b>(1) AO2</b>
Office fixtures	<u>14 000</u>	(4 200)	9 800 o/f (1) AO2
	<u>214 000</u>	( <u>139 200)</u>	74 800
Current assets			
Inventory – Raw materials		33 000 <b>(1) AO1</b>	
Finished goods	54 000	33 000 (1) AO1	
Less provision for unrealised profit	(9 000)		
Less provision for unrealised profit	<u>(5 000)</u>	45 000 <b>o/f (1)</b>	
		AO3	
		78 000	
Trade receivables	55 000		
Less provision for irrecoverable debts	(2 200)		
		52 800 <b>o/f (1)</b>	
		AO2	
Other receivables		4 800 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
Cash and bank		<u>7 250 <b>(1) AO1</b></u>	
			<u>142 850</u>
Total assets			<u>217 650</u>
Capital and liabilities			
Capital		125 000	
Profit for the year		37 600 o/f	
<b> </b>		162 600	
Drawings		(15 350)	
		_	147 250 <b>o/f (1) AO1</b>
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		68 400 <b>(1) AO1</b>	
Other payables		<u>2 000 (1) AO2</u>	
			<u>70 400</u>
Total capital and liabilities			<u>217 650</u>

Question Number	Indicative C	Content	Mark	
1 (d)	AO1 (1), AC			
	Positive poi All Fruit wo The busine scale in me More poter  Negative poi The price of and lower to Potential is All Fruit wo demand. Do Additional si purchased Does the business major increased Candidates the offer. Co	tive points in favour of accepting the order ruit would gain a larger market share and reputation. business may be able to take advantage of economies of e in meeting such a large increase in production. e potential profit but at a low level £9 000 total ative points for not accepting the order price offered is only marginally above the cost of production lower than the total costs of All Fruit. ential issues with the reduced price from existing customers. ruit would almost have to double annual production to meet land. Does it have the space and productive capacity? Itional staff would need to be employed and equipment chased increasing cost. Is the business have the cash/funding to undertake such a per increase in production?  Ission didates may conclude that All Fruit should accept or reject offer. Candidates should support that decision with an repriate rationale.		
			(12)	
Level	Mark	Descriptor		
Level 1	1-3	A completely incorrect response.  Isolated elements of knowledge and understanding recall based. Weak or no relevant application to the set.  Generic assertions may be present.		
Level 2	4 - 6	Elements of knowledge and understanding that are applied to the scenario. Chains of reasoning are present, but may be incomplete or invalid. A generic or superficial assessment is present.		
Level 3	7 - 9	Accurate knowledge and understanding, supported application to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed chains of r showing causes and/or effects.  Evaluation may be presented using financial and no information with a decision made.	easoning,	

Level 4 10 - 12	Accurate and thorough knowledge and understanding, supported by relevant and effective application to the scenario. Analysis is coherent with logical chains of reasoning, showing causes and effects.  Evaluation is balanced and wide ranging and well contextualised, using financial and perhaps non-financial information, and an appropriate decision is made.
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Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (a)(i)	AO2 (2) AO2: Two marks for correct application of formula.	
	Percentage return on capital employed:	
	(2 000) + 4 000 (1) AO2 = 3.33% (1) AO2 10 000 + 50 000	
		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (a)(ii)	AO2 (2) AO2: Two marks for correct application of formula.	
	Liquid (acid test) ratio:	
	6 400 = 0.25:1 <b>(1) AO2</b> 16 000 + 9 000 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
		(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2 (a)(iii)	AO2 (2) AO2: Two marks for correct application of formula.	
	Trade receivables collection period (in days):	
	6 400 x 365 = 19.46 days (1) AO2 120 000 (1) AO2	
		(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2 (a)(iv)	AO2 (2) AO2: Two marks for correct application of formula.	
	Trade payables payment period (in days): $16\ 000 \times 365 \text{ (1) AO2} = 56.1 \text{ days (1) AO2}$	
	104 000	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (b)	AO1 (2) AO1: Two marks for explaining term.	
	Liquidity is the ability to meet short term (1) AO1 debts as they fall due (1) AO1	
	Current assets less current liabilities (1) AO1	
	MAX 2 marks	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (c)	<ul> <li>AO3 (4)</li> <li>AO3: Four marks for advice.</li> <li>The liquid acid test ratio is unsatisfactory (1) AO3 compared to the 'yardstick' of 0.7 – 1:1 (1) AO3</li> <li>The trade receivables collection is low (1) AO3 compared to the normal payment period of 28 days (1) AO3</li> <li>The trade payables is very high (1) AO3 compared to the normal payment period of 28 days this may result in a disruption to supply (1) AO3</li> <li>The bank is an overdraft (1) AO3 which will restrict payment of trade payables and daily expenses (1) AO3</li> </ul>	
		(4)

Question Number	Answer		Mark
2 (d)	AO1 (2) AO1: Two marks for calculation	1.	
	Assets purchased £85 000 – liabil = net worth £69 000 <b>(1) AO1</b>	lities £16 000	
	Price paid Goodwill purchased	£ <u>80 000</u> £11 000 <b>(1) AO1</b>	
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Answer		
2 (e)	AO1 (12), AO2 (6) AO1: Twelve marks for final balances and given figures. AO2: Six marks for recording movement of current asset.			
	Balance 1 January 2020	Workings	Balance 31 March 2020	
	Inventory £11 600	- 5 800 (1) AO2 + 35 000 (1) AO1 - 32 000 (1) AO2	8 800 <b>o/f</b> (1) AO1	
	Trade payables £16 000	+ 35 000 <b>(1) AO1</b> – 40 000 <b>(1) AO2</b>	11 000 <b>(1)</b> AO1	
	Trade receivables £6 400	+ 42 000 <b>(1) AO1</b> – 31 000 <b>(1) AO1</b> – 800 <b>(1) AO2</b>	16 600 <b>o/f</b> (1) AO1	
	Bank £0	+ 10 000 + 3 000 (1) AO2 + 6 000 (1) AO1 - 7 000 (1) AO1 - 1 500 (1) AO2 + 31 000 (1) AO1 - 40 000 (1) AO1	1 500 <b>o/f</b> (1) AO1	
				(18)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2 (f)	AO1 (2), AO2 (3) AO1: Two marks for recording given balances. AO2: Three marks for calculating adjusted balances.	
		(5)

Jafna
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the three months ended 31 March 2020

	£	£
Revenue (sales) 48 000 + 3 000		51 000 <b>(1) AO2</b>
Less		
Opening inventory	11 600	
Purchases	<u>35 000</u>	
	46 600	
Closing inventory	( <u>8 800</u> )	
Cost of sales		( <u>37 800)</u> <b>o/f (1) AO2</b>
		+W
Gross profit		13 200
Less		
Expenses 7 000 + 750- 325	7 425 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
Depreciation – motor vehicle	1 700 <b>(1) AO1</b>	
Irrecoverable debt	<u>800 (1) AO1</u>	
		( <u>9 925)</u>
Profit for the year		<u>3 275</u>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (g)(i)	AO2 (2) AO2: Two marks for calculating current ratio.  8 800+16 600+1 500+325=27 225 o/f (1) AO2 = 2.3:1 o/f 11 000 + 750	
		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (g)(ii)	AO2 (2) AO2: Two marks for calculating the percentage return on capital employed.	
	3 275 of x 100 = 3.63% o/f (1) AO2 80 000 + 10 000 (1) AO2	(2)

Question Number	Indicative Co	ontent	Mark	
2 (h)	AO1 (1), AO			
	Own figure			
	Positive poir Liquidity has bench mark Trade payak reduce and The busines fall due. The loss of £			
	Negative points against meeting objectives  Jafna is not making the best use of his working capital as with a current ratio of 2.45:1 he has idle funds which is mainly in trade receivables.  The trade receivables have increased significantly extending the collection days. Credit control will be required.  The return on capital employed has barely increased. This is mainly due to the fact that Jafna is employing much more capital.  Decision  Candidates may conclude that the objectives have/or have not been met. Candidates should support that decision with an			
	appropriate		(12)	
Level	Mark	Descriptor		
Level 1	vel 1  1-3  Isolated elements of knowledge and understanding that are recall based. Weak or no relevant application to the scenario set.  Generic assertions may be present.			
Level 2				
Level 3	7 - 9	Accurate knowledge and understanding, supported application to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed chains of r showing causes and/or effects.  Evaluation may be presented using financial and not information with a decision made.	easoning,	

Level 4	10 - 12	Accurate and thorough knowledge and understanding, supported by relevant and effective application to the scenario.  Analysis is coherent with logical chains of reasoning, showing causes and effects.  Evaluation is balanced and wide ranging and well contextualised, using financial and perhaps non-financial
		information, and an appropriate decision is made.

Question Number	Answer				Mark
3 (a)	AO1 (2), AO2 (1) AO2: Two marks for depreciation for two years. AO3: One mark for value of adjustment.				
	Motor vehicles	Depreciation charged	tion to be	Adjustment	
		Straight line	Reducing balance		
	Year ended	£	£	£	
	30 April 2018	2 400	4 000	1 600 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
	30 April 2019	2 400	3 000	<u>600</u> (1) AO2	
		4 800	7 000	2 200 <b>(1) AO3</b>	
					(3)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3 (b)	AO1 (2) AO1: Two marks for stating causes of depreciation for computer equipment.	
	Physical deterioration (Wear and tear) Passage of time Obsolescence Economic reasons	
	2 x (1) AO1	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3 (c)	AO1 (2), AO2 (2) AO1: Two marks for description of concept. AO2: Two marks for applying concept.	
	Going concern: It is assumed that the business has infinite life (1) AO1 and the cost of the non-current asset can be allocated over many years of its' economic life (1) AO2	
	Consistency: Where a choice of method is available, once a method has been selected the method must be used consistently (1) AO1 from one accounting period to another unless there is a compelling argument for a	
	change (1) AO2	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3 (d)	AO1 (1), AO2 (3), AO3 (1) AO1: One mark for bringing balance from (a). AO2: Three marks for calculations. AO3: One mark for calculating depreciation on disposals.	
		(5)

	Motor vehicles	Computer equipment
	£	£
Cost at 1 May 2019	16 000	20 000
Additions	-	<u>6 000</u>
	16 000	26 000
Disposals	-	(3 600)
Cost 30 April 2020	16 000	22 400 (1) AO2
less		
Accumulated depreciation		
At 30 April 2019	(7 000) <b>o/f (1) AO1</b>	(5 000)
	from (a)	
Less depreciation on disposals	-	<u>2 600</u>
		(2 400) <b>(1) AO3</b>
Carrying value	9 000	20 000
x 25%		
Depreciation		
For year ended 30 April 2020	2 250 <b>o/f (1) AO2</b>	5 000 <b>o/f (1) AO2</b>

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
3 (e)(i)	AO1 (3), AO2 (2) AO1: Three marks for recording balances and description. AO2: Two marks for asset entries.	
		(5)

### **Computer Equipment Account**

Date	Details	£	Date	Details	£
2019			2019		
1 April	Balance b/d	20 000 <b>(1) AO1</b>	1 Sept	Disposal (1) AO1	3 600 <b>(1) AO2</b>
10 Sept	Bell computers	6 000 <b>(1) AO2</b>			
2020			2020		
			31 March	Balance c/d	<u>22 400</u>
		<u>26 000</u>			<u>26 000</u>
1 April	Balance b/d	22 400 <b>o/f (1) AO1</b>			

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
3 (e)(ii)	AO1 (1), AO2 (3), AO3 (1)	
	AO1: One mark for correct narrative.	
	AO2: Three marks for correct double entries.	
	AO3: One mark for calculating loss on disposals.	
		(5)

### **Disposal Account**

Date	Details	£	Date	Details	£
2019			2019		
1 Sept	Computer	3 600 <b>(1) AO2</b>	1 Sept	Provision for	2 600 <b>(1) AO2</b>
	equipment			depreciation	
				Bank	850 <b>(1) AO2</b>
			2020		
			30 April	Income	<u>150 (1) AO3</u>
				statement	
		<u>3 600</u>		(1) AO1	<u>3 600</u>

Question Number	Indicative	e Content	Mark	
3 (f)	AO2 (1),	AO3 (2), AO4 (3)		
	Greater of significar Market v reflected Over life	Positive points in favour of reducing balance Greater depreciation in early years can reflect significant loss of value in early years. Market value of asset can be more accurately reflected in financial position statement. Over life of asset depreciation plus maintenance cost will even out, not distorting profits.		
	Can distoryears. Deprecial cost, ove The chan Still only  Decision Candidate is not, the	epreciation does not reflect, equal usage, equal ost, over the years. he change may break the consistency concept. till only an estimate.		
		es should support that decision with an ate rationale.	(6)	
Level	Mark	Descriptor	(0)	
	0	A completely incorrect response.		
Level 1	1-2	Isolated elements of knowledge and unders are recall based. Generic assertions may be present. Weak or no relevant application to the scen	_	
Level 2	3-4	Elements of knowledge and understanding that are applied to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed chains of reasoning, showing causes and/or effects applied to the scenario, although these may be incomplete or invalid. An attempt at an evaluation is presented, using financial and perhaps non-financial information, with a decision.		
Level 3	5-6	Accurate and thorough knowledge and und Application to the scenario is relevant and e A coherent and logical chain of reasoning, s and effects is present.  Evaluation is balanced and wide ranging, us and perhaps non-financial information, and appropriate decision is made.	effective. howing causes ing financial	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4 (a)	AO1 (6) AO1: Six marks for total hours worked.	
	The <b>annual interest (1) AO1</b> would be recorded as an expense of the accounting period.	
	The £20 000 loan would not be recorded. (1)	
	As the £20 000 is a loan not capital there would be <b>no interest recorded (1) AO1</b>	
	The £20 000 loan would not be recorded. (1)	
	The £20 000 loan would appear as a non- current liability (1) AO1	
	Interest would not be recorded unless owing as a current liability. (1) AO1	(6)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4 (b)(i)	AO2 (2)	
	AO2: Two marks for percentage.	
	Award marks for either calculation.	
	Sanjay <u>405 x100</u> =9% Tara <u>630 <b>(1) AO2</b> x100</u> =9% <b>(1) AO2</b>	
	4 500 7 000	(2)

Question Number	Answer				Mark
4 (b)(ii)	AO1 (3), AO2 (2) AO1: Three mar AO2: Two marks				
		Sanjay	Tara	Total	
		£	£	£	
	Profit for year			23 660	
	Plus interest	405	630	<u>1 035</u>	
	on drawings			(1) AO1	
	less			24 695	
	Interest on	(225)	(170)	(395)	
	capital			(1) AO1	
	Salaries	(7 500)	(7 500)	<u>(15 000)</u>	
				(1) AO1	
	Share of profit	6 200 <b>o/f</b>	3 100	9 300	
		<b>(1)</b> no	o/f (1)		
		aliens AO2	AO2		(-)
					(5)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4 (c)(i)	AO2 (4), AO3 (2) AO2: Four marks for other entries. AO3: Two marks for goodwill calculation and entry.	
	2 x (1) AO3 for goodwill	
	4 x (1) AO2 other entries	(6)

## **Capital Accounts**

Date	Details	Sanjay	Tara	Date	Details	Sanjay	Tara
		£	£			£	£
2019				2019			
1 Nov	Loan	20 000 <b>(1)</b>		1 May	Balance b/d	80 000	30 000
	account						
	Bank	10 000 <b>(1)</b>					
1 Dec	Goodwill	12 000 <b>(1)</b>	6 000 <b>(1)</b>				
2020				2020			
				1 Jan	Computers		4 000 (1)
30 Apr	Balance c/d	<u>38 000</u>	<u>36 000</u>		Bank		8 000
		<u>80 000</u>	<u>42 000</u>			<u>80 000</u>	<u>42 000</u>
				1 May	Balance b/d	38 000	36 000
						(1)of Cr	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4 (c)(ii)	AO2 (4), AO3 (1) AO2: Four marks for correct entries in account. AO3: One mark calculating loan interest and entering in account.	
		(5)

### Sanjay Current Account

Date	Details	£	Date	Details	£
2019			2019		
1 May	Balance b/d	400			
2020			2020		
30 April	Drawings	4 500 <b>(1) AO2</b>	30 April	Loan interest	600 <b>(1) AO3</b>
	Salary paid	7 500		Int on capital	225
	Int of drawings	405 <b>(1) AO2</b>		Salary	7 500 <b>(1) AO1</b>
	Balance c/d	<u>2 520</u>		Share of profit	<u>6 200</u> <b>o/f (1) AO2</b>
		<u>14 525</u>			<u>144 525</u>
			1 May	Balance b/d	2 520

Question Number	Indicative	e Content	Mark			
4 (d)	AO2 (1),	AO3 (2), AO4 (3)				
		points for partnership				
	_	ill base to the business				
	Greater o	•				
	Cover for	holidays and sickness				
	_	points of partnership				
		nake decisions alone				
	_	several liability				
	Profit is s	hared				
	<u>Decision</u>					
		es may conclude that partnership is/is not				
		l. Candidates should support that decision				
	with an a	ppropriate rationale.	(6)			
Level	Mark	Descriptor				
	0	A completely incorrect response.				

Level 1	1-2	Isolated elements of knowledge and understanding that are recall based. Generic assertions may be present. Weak or no relevant application to the scenario set.
Level 2	3-4	Elements of knowledge and understanding that are applied to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed chains of reasoning, showing causes and/or effects applied to the scenario, although these may be incomplete or invalid. An attempt at an evaluation is presented, using financial and perhaps non-financial information, with a decision.
Level 3	5-6	Accurate and thorough knowledge and understanding, Application to the scenario is relevant and effective. A coherent and logical chain of reasoning, showing causes and effects is present. Evaluation is balanced and wide ranging, using financial and perhaps non-financial information, and an appropriate decision is made.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5 (a)	AO1 (2) AO2: Two marks for explaining the term.  Is the relationship between the inputs used and the outputs gained (1) AO1 usually expressed as output/ units per hour/day (1) AO1	
		(2)

Question	Answer					Mark
Number 5 (b)						
		Option 1	Option 2	Option 3		
	Total output (units)	5 600	7 200	8 100		

Total	400	450	540			
hours	(1) AO1	(1) AO1	(1) AO1			
worked						
Output	14	16	15			
per	(1) AO2	(1) AO2	(1) AO2			
hour						
Advice: Opt	•	es the best	labour produ	uctivity		
					(	(7)

Question Number	Answer		Mark		
5 (c)	AO1 (2), AO2 (4), AO1: Two marks unskilled labour. AO2: Four marks overtime. AO3: One mark for	for total of	g basic pay a		
		Skilled	Unskilled	Total	
	Hours worked	49	49		
	(per operator)				
		£	£	£	
	Total basic pay	1 920	6 40	2 560	
	8/4x40x£6/£4	(1) AO2	(1) AO2		
	Overtime 8/4	<u>576</u>	192	<u>768</u>	
	operators x12	(1) AO2	(1) AO2		
	x £6/4				
		2 496	832	3 328	
		(1)of	(1)of AO1	(1)of	
		AO1		AO3	
					(7)

Question Number	Answer		Mark		
5 (d)(i)	AO1 (1), AO2 (3), AO1: One mark of AO2: Three mark first bonus. AO3: One mark for correct narrative				
		Skilled	Unskilled	Total	
	Hours worked	43	43		
	(per operator)				
		£	£	£	
	Total basic pay	1 920	640	2 560	
	8/4 x 40 x				
	£6/£4				
	Overtime 8/4	192	64	256	
	operators x 4	(1) AO2	(1) AO2		
	x £6/4				
	Bonus	<u>320</u>	<u>160</u>	<u>480</u>	
		(1) AO2	(1) AO1		
			of		
					(5)

Question Number	Answer		Mark
5 (d)(ii)	AO1 (1), AO2 (2) AO1: One mark for total. AO2: Two marks for calculating overtime and bonus.		
		Gross pay of one unskilled operator	
	Hours worked	43	
		£	
	Total basic pay 40 x £4	160	
	Overtime 4 x £4	16 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
	Bonus	<u>40 (1) AO2</u>	
		216 <b>o/f (1) AO1</b>	
	А	ll three elements	(3)

Question Number	Indicative	e Content	Mark
5 (e)	AO2 (1), AO3 (2), AO4 (3)		
	Positive points for group bonus		
		Output per operator would probably be increased and cost per unit decreased.	
		per unit decreased. ervision may be required	
	Less sup	ervision may be required	
	<u>Negative</u>	Negative points for group bonus	
		f output may become an issue.	
		orkers may not be able to keep up and may	
	leave.	ments between workers may increase.	
		s may increase.	
	<u>Decision</u>		
		es may conclude that the group bonus is/ is	
		ficial. Candidates should support that	(6)
	1	with an appropriate rationale.	(6)
Level	Mark	Descriptor	
Level 1	1-2	A completely incorrect response.	tanding that
Level I	1-2	Isolated elements of knowledge and unders	tanding that
		l are recall hased	
		are recall based. Generic assertions may be present.	
		are recall based.  Generic assertions may be present.  Weak or no relevant application to the scena	ario set.
Level 2	3-4	Generic assertions may be present.	
Level 2	3-4	Generic assertions may be present.  Weak or no relevant application to the scenariose applied to the scenario.	that are
Level 2	3-4	Generic assertions may be present.  Weak or no relevant application to the scenario.  Elements of knowledge and understanding applied to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed characteristics.	that are
Level 2	3-4	Generic assertions may be present.  Weak or no relevant application to the scenario applied to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed charcesoning, showing causes and/or effects applied to the scenario.	that are ains of oplied to the
Level 2	3-4	Generic assertions may be present. Weak or no relevant application to the scenario. Elements of knowledge and understanding applied to the scenario. Some analysis is present, with developed chareasoning, showing causes and/or effects applied to although these may be incompleted.	that are ains of oplied to the e or invalid.
Level 2	3-4	Generic assertions may be present.  Weak or no relevant application to the scenario.  Elements of knowledge and understanding applied to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed charcasoning, showing causes and/or effects agreement, although these may be incompleted. An attempt at an evaluation is presented, us	that are lains of oplied to the or invalid. sing financial
Level 2	3-4 5-6	Generic assertions may be present. Weak or no relevant application to the scenario. Elements of knowledge and understanding applied to the scenario. Some analysis is present, with developed chareasoning, showing causes and/or effects applied to although these may be incompleted.	that are lains of oplied to the e or invalid. sing financial n a decision.
		Generic assertions may be present. Weak or no relevant application to the scenario. Elements of knowledge and understanding applied to the scenario. Some analysis is present, with developed chreasoning, showing causes and/or effects as scenario, although these may be incompleted. An attempt at an evaluation is presented, us and perhaps non-financial information, with	that are lains of oplied to the e or invalid. sing financial a decision. erstanding,
		Generic assertions may be present.  Weak or no relevant application to the scenario.  Elements of knowledge and understanding applied to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed chareasoning, showing causes and/or effects apscenario, although these may be incompleted. An attempt at an evaluation is presented, us and perhaps non-financial information, with Accurate and thorough knowledge and under Application to the scenario is relevant and experienced.	that are lains of oplied to the e or invalid. sing financial n a decision. erstanding, ffective.
		Generic assertions may be present.  Weak or no relevant application to the scenario.  Elements of knowledge and understanding applied to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed charcesoning, showing causes and/or effects applied to a scenario, although these may be incompleted. An attempt at an evaluation is presented, us and perhaps non-financial information, with a Accurate and thorough knowledge and under Application to the scenario is relevant and end and effects is present.	that are lains of oplied to the e or invalid. sing financial n a decision. erstanding, ffective. howing causes
		Generic assertions may be present.  Weak or no relevant application to the scenario.  Elements of knowledge and understanding applied to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed chareasoning, showing causes and/or effects as scenario, although these may be incompleted. An attempt at an evaluation is presented, us and perhaps non-financial information, with Accurate and thorough knowledge and under Application to the scenario is relevant and experience and logical chain of reasoning, sland effects is present.  Evaluation is balanced and wide ranging, us	that are lains of coplied to the e or invalid. sing financial a decision. erstanding, ffective. howing causes ing financial
		Generic assertions may be present.  Weak or no relevant application to the scenario.  Elements of knowledge and understanding applied to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed charcesoning, showing causes and/or effects applied to a scenario, although these may be incompleted. An attempt at an evaluation is presented, us and perhaps non-financial information, with a Accurate and thorough knowledge and under Application to the scenario is relevant and end and effects is present.	that are lains of coplied to the e or invalid. sing financial a decision. erstanding, ffective. howing causes ing financial

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6 (a)	AO1 (2) AO1: Two marks for explaining the term suspense account.	
	Used where the <b>trial balance fails to agree (1) AO1</b> the difference will be entered in the suspense account. As errors where the <b>debit and credit of a transaction have not been recorded with the same value</b> are discovered the suspense account will be adjusted <b>(1) AO1</b>	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6 (b)	AO1 (6) AO1: Six marks for stating the name of the type of error.	
	<ul><li>(1) Principle</li><li>(2) Original entry</li><li>(3) Omission</li><li>(4) Commission</li><li>(5) Reversal</li><li>(6) Compensation</li></ul>	
	(1) AO2 × 6	(6)

Question Number	Answer	Mark		
6 (c)	AO1 (1), AO2 (12), AO3 (3) AO1: One mark for naming suspense account. AO2: Twelve correct narrative and value. AO3: Three mark for calculating value and using correct narrative.			
		Dr	Cr	
		£	£	
	Computer repair account	645 <b>(1) AO2</b>		
	Computer account		645 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
	Shelley account	27 <b>(1) AO3</b>		
	Sales returns account		27 <b>(1) AO3</b>	
	Javid account	130 <b>(1) AO2</b>		
	Revenue/sales	130 (1) AU2	130 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
	account		130 (1) A02	
	Maria account	2 100 <b>(1)</b>		
	Michael account		2 100 (1) AO2	
	Christina account	50 <b>(1) AO3</b>		
	Discount allowed account	30(1)703	25 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
	Discount received account		25 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
	Electricity account	10 <b>(1) AO2</b>		
	Suspense account (1) AO1	10 (1) 1102	10 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
	Suspense account	10 <b>(1) AO2</b>		
	Motor expenses Account	, ,	10 <b>(1) AO2</b>	
				(16)
				(10)

Question Number	Indicative	e Content	Mark
6 (d)	Positive particles of the company of the company of the softwalue. The softwalue of the correct	coints for the proposal ay be reduced because the software will complete the double entry so the corresponding account will receive the entry. Couter will eliminate arithmetical errors and contract for every debit there is a credit of equal covered package will produce financial reports/ contract so nas regular a basis as is required. Contract the construction and base data used will contract the proposal contract the double entry will be completed with completed by the inputter. An error in completed by the inputter. An error in completed by the computer. Completed by the outcome will be inaccurate. Contract and contract the computer will be reduced contract and contract that errors will be reduced contract and contract that errors will be reduced contract and contract that errors will be reduced contract and contract that decision with an contract and contract that decision with an contract the proposal contract the contract that decision with an contract the proposal contract the contract that decision with an contract the proposal contract the contract that decision with an contract the proposal contract the contract that decision with an contract the proposal contract the contract that entry is the entry. Contract the entry is the entry is the entry. Contract the entry is the entry is the entry. Contract the entry is the entry is the entry. Contract the entry is the entry is the entry. Contract the entry is the entry is the entry. Contract the entry is the entry is the entry. Contract the entry is th	
Level	Mark	Descriptor	(6)
	0	A completely incorrect response.	
Level 1	1-2	Isolated elements of knowledge and understanding that are recall based.  Generic assertions may be present.	

		Weak or no relevant application to the scenario set.
Level 2	3-4	Elements of knowledge and understanding that are applied to the scenario.  Some analysis is present, with developed chains of reasoning, showing causes and/or effects applied to the scenario, although these may be incomplete or invalid. An attempt at an evaluation is presented, using financial and perhaps non-financial information, with a decision.
Level 3	5-6	Accurate and thorough knowledge and understanding, Application to the scenario is relevant and effective. A coherent and logical chain of reasoning, showing causes and effects is present. Evaluation is balanced and wide ranging, using financial and perhaps non-financial information, and an appropriate decision is made.