

## **Mark Scheme**

Extra assessment material for first teaching September 2017

International GCSE in Accounting (4AC1/02)

Paper 2: Financial Statements

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## **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question number	Answer	Mark
1(a)	Award marks as indicated	(3)
	\$116 250 <b>(1)</b> - \$38 800 <b>(1)</b> = \$77 450 <b>(1of)</b>	

Question number	Answ	er					Mark
1(b)				_	jure as indicate s and details.	ed.	(5)
	т	rade Receiva	bles L	edger C	ontrol Account		
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	
	1 Jan	Balance b/d	42	31	Cash book	142	
	2017		500	Dec 2017	(bank)	000 <b>(1)</b>	
	31	Sales day	145		Journal	3	
	Dec 2017	book	000 (1)		(irrecoverable debts)	050 <b>(1)</b>	
					Balance c/d	42	
						450	
			187			187	
			500			500	
	1 Jan	Balance b/d	42				
	2018		450 <b>(1)</b>				

Question number	Answer			Mark
1(c)	Award 1 mark for each correct figured understandable label as indicated Sonali	•		
	Statement of financial position	at 31 Decem	ber 2017	
		\$		
	Assets			
	Non-current assets			
	Fixtures and fittings	40 000	(1)	
	Current assets			
	Inventory	33 950	(1)	
	Trade receivables	42 450	(1of)	
		76 400		
	Total assets	116 400		
	Equity and liabilities			
	Equity			
	Equity	77 450	(1of)	
	Profit for the year	21 750	(1)	
	Drawings	(18 700)	(1)	
	Total equity	80 500		
	Current liabilities			
	Trade and other payables	33 200	(1)	
	Cash and cash equivalents	2 700	(1)	
		35 900	\-/	
	Total equity and liabilities	116 400	(1of	
	Total equity and habilities	110 400	must be	
			equal to	
			total	
			assets)	(9)

Question number	Answer	Mark
1(d)(i)	Award mark as indicated. Prudence concept (1)	(1)

Question number	Answer	Mark
1(d)(ii)	Award marks as indicated.  Provision for irrecoverable debts will reduce the trade receivables (1) which will reduce total assets. (1) The total equity will be reduced (1) as the result of the reduction of profit (1).	(4)

Question number	Indicative content	Mark
1(e)	Award 1 mark for each ratio as indicated.	(3)
	Return on capital employed has improved, which indicates better utilisation of resources / has generated higher profit for every dollar used/employed in the business (1).	
	Although the business was able to pay off its short-term liabilities in 2016 it has improved its current (working capital) ratio, which is slightly higher than the standard and indicates inefficient working capital management (1).	
	Liquid (acid test) ratio has improved, which indicates that the business can pay off its short-term liabilities with liquid assets / this indicates that the business has more inventory than before which will increase inventory holding costs (1).	
	Overall the performance of the business has improved.	

Question number	Answer				Mark		
2(a)	Award 1 mark for each correct figure with understandable label as indicated.  Sam						
	Manufacturing account for the 20:		ed 31 Dec	ember			
		\$	\$				
	Opening inventory of raw materials		68 000				
	Purchases		450 000				
	Carriage inwards		15 000	(1)			
	Closing inventory of raw materials		(75 000)				
	Cost of raw materials consumed		458 000	(1of w+f)			
	Direct wages		147 500	(1)			
	Direct expenses		33 950	(1)			
	Prime cost		639 450	(1of w+f)			
	Depreciation on factory machinery	13 122		(1)			
	Factory supervisor's salary	60 000					
	Insurance w1	20 800		(2)			
	Rent and rates w2	76 000		(2)			
			169 922 809 372				
	Opening inventory of work in progress	85 278					
	Closing inventory of work in progress	(98 000)					
			(12 722)	(1)			
	Production cost		796 650	(1of w+f)			

Question number	Answer			Mark
2(b)	Award 1 mark for eac understandable label Income statement f	as indicated. Sam		(10)
		\$	\$	
	Revenue	Ψ	1 787 500 ( <b>1</b> )	
	Cost of sales			
	Opening inventory	125 000		
	Production cost	796 650 <b>(1of)</b>		
	Closing inventory	(235 000)		
			(686 650) ( <b>1of</b> )	
	Gross profit		1 100 850 <b>(1of)</b>	
	Expenses			
	Carriage outwards	27 500 <b>(1)</b>		
	Depreciation charge	2 187 <b>(1)</b>		
	Office general expenses	219 450 <b>(1)</b>		
	Insurance	5 200 <b>(1of)</b>		
	Rent and rates	19 000 <b>(1of)</b>		
			(273 337)	
	Profit for the year		827 513 <b>(1of)</b>	

Question number	Answer	Mark
2(c)	Award 1 mark for each statement to explain the difference between different types of inventories as indicated.  Raw materials stock is the stock of crude or processed material that can be converted by manufacture into a saleable good (1).  Work in progress stock is goods which have started their manufacturing process so are no longer included in the raw materials stock, but have not yet reached a stage where they are fit to be sold (1).  Finished goods stock is goods which have completed the manufacturing process and are available to be sold (1).	(3)